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COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER

Mortand MC
JUN 1966



Vol. 15, No. 17

REPORT

April 30, 1966 Week Ending

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE

PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE

EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING - Illinois

On April 1, 1966, the Ogle County Coroner in Illinois requested that the State Health Department Toxicology Laboratory in Chicago assist in an investigation of the mysterious death of a 48-year-old man and the illness of his wife and a guest. On Thursday, March 31, 1966, the man had been found dead in his home near Rochelle, Illinois; his wife and the guest were found alive but unconscious. As chemical or bacterial poisoning was suspected initially, an autopsy was carried out and material submitted for analysis along with specimens of food from the house. Analysis of the blood of the dead man,

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however, showed a high concentration of carbon monoxide in his blood.

Investigation by the staff of the State Health Department revealed that following the death a wake had been held on the night of April 2 in the home of the dead man. Fifteen persons stayed overnight and next morning 14 of them were treated in hospital for headache, nausea and (Continued on page 146)

CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES (Cumulative totals include revised and delayed reports through previous weeks)

	17th WEE	K ENDED	MEDIAN	CUMULATIVE, FIRST 17 WEEKS			
DISEASE	APRIL 30, 1966	MAY 1, 1965	1961 – 1965	1966	1965	MEDIAN 1961 – 1965	
Aseptic meningitis	18	36	20	461	490	410	
Brucellosis	6	1	5	65	64	117	
Diphtheria	-	3	4	50	72	104	
Encephalitis, primary:							
Arthropod-borne & unspecified	17	32		410	510		
Encephalitis, post-infectious	14	22		285	260		
Hepatitis, serum	15	629	833	414	13,034	17,158	
Hepatitis, infectious	531	1	1 033	11,598	10,004	11,100	
Measles (rubeola)	8,163	10,603	18,177	125,966	162,029	219,098	
Poliomyelitis, Total (including unspecified)			3	7	6	47	
Paralytic	_	_	3	6	4	42	
Nonparalytic	_			_	2		
Meningococcal infections, Total	65	72	62	1,696	1,454	1,006	
Civilian	56	64		1,482	1,323		
Military	9	8		214	131		
Rubella (German measles)	2,003			24,629			
Streptococcal sore throat & Scarlet fever	10,482	8,079	7,921	197,197	185,582	162,304	
Tetanus	1	4		35	64		
Tularemia	_	3		47	61		
Typhoid fever	11	1	4	93	103	116	
Typhus, tick-borne (Rky. Mt. Spotted fever).	_	2		9	8		
Rabies in Animals	116	92	107	1,518	1,781	1,443	

NOTIFIABLE DISEASES OF LOW FREQUENCY

	Cum.		Cum.
Anthrax:		Botulism:	
Leptospirosis:	9	Trichinosis: Ohio-1, W. Va1	37
Malaria: D.C1, N.Y.C1, Pa1, Calif1. Va1	91	Rabies in Man:	1
Psittacosis:	16	Rubella, Congenital Syndrome:	10
Typhus, murine:	6		

EPIDEMIOLOGIC NOTES AND REPORTS CARBON MONOXIDE POISONING - Illinois

(Continued from front page)

dizziness; four of them were detained in hospital for several days. The one person attending the wake who did not become ill had slept in a room next to an open open window.

An inspection of the premises was conducted by State Health Department engineers. The one-story house has a partial basement containing a furnace fired with bottled gas; a fan in the basement circulates warm air through the underside of the house to prevent pipes from freezing. When the furnace is lighted, air is drawn down through the windows, doors and chimney of the house. This year was the first time that all the fireplaces were sealed to prevent drafts and all windows were closed at night for sleeping. Accordingly, the air supply to the furnace was deficient and carbon monoxide accumulated in the basement. State engineers investigating the heating system found that a valve in the flue was stuck in the open position so that carbon monoxide freely circulated throughout the house.

The house had been closed for several days prior to the night of March 30; the deceased man was found dead on March 31 near the door to the furnace room; the wife and the guest were unconscious, but recovered.

On the night of April 2 when all were gathered for the wake, the house which had been well aired during the day was closed up because of the cold and the thermostat on the furnace turned up high to warm the house. The furnace apparently functioned until the oxygen supply was so depleted that it went out. Thereafter, carbon monoxide gradually seeped into the house by convection and affected all except the one visitor who slept by an open window. By 6:00 a.m. next morning all but this one man were overcome.

Laboratory studies indicated that the deceased man had a 60 percent concentration of carbon monoxide in his blood. Of the four persons who were hospitalized, carbon monoxide saturation levels were determined in the blood of three patients: 40 percent in a 13-year-old boy; 30.4 percent in a 72-year-old woman; and 29.3 percent in a 79-year-old man. All four have recovered.

In order to prevent a recurrence it has been recommended that a duct be placed in the basement which would draw air direct to the furnace, and that an alarm system should be installed for the detection of carbon monoxide in the basement.

(Reported by Dr. Franklin D. Yoder, Director of Public Health, Dr. Norman J. Rose, Chief, Epidemiology Bureau, Dr. Frank F. Fiorese, Chief, Bureau of Toxicology, and Mr. Merlin J. Rohlinger, Chief Chemist, all of the Illinois Department of Public Health.)

SURVEILLANCE SUMMARY SHIGELLA - FOURTH QUARTER, 1965

During the fourth quarter of 1965, 2,429 shigella isolations from human sources were reported from 52 centers. This represents an increase of 8.1 percent over the 2,245 isolations reported during the third quarter of 1965 (MMWR, Vol. 14, No. 50). Starting in January 1964, 17 States have been reporting shigella isolations consistently; the data from these 17 States for the whole of 1964 suggested a seasonal pattern of increased activity in July, with peak incidence occurring in September. The comparable data for 1965 from these same States has indicated a similar seasonal pattern, but with a peak of activity occurring one month later, in October. The total number of isolations reported in 1965 is less than that reported in 1964 (Figure 1).

The age and sex distribution during the fourth quarter is consistent with the pattern in previous quarters. Two-thirds of shigella isolations were reported from children under 10 years of age. No sex predilection for shigella was apparent.

During the fourth quarter of 1965, 27.4 percent of the isolations were from families in which shigella was

isolated from more than one member, as compared to 22.5 percent isolated from families during the third quarter of 1965.

There were 18 different serotypes reported during the fourth quarter, compared to 13 during the previous quarter. The six most frequently reported serotypes have been the same since shigella reporting was begun in January 1964; Table 1 shows the order of frequency of the serotypes during the past two quarters. Only the major numbered subgroups of 8. flexneri have been listed since all States do not perform final serotyping.

Table 1

	Fourth Qu	Previous Quar			
Rank	Serotype	Number	Percent	Rank	Percent
1	S. sonnei	912	37.4	1	32.4
2	S.flexneri 2	596	24.4	2	26.9
3	S. flexneri 3	247	10.1	3	12.0
4	S. flexneri 4	144	5.9	4	7.9
5	S. flexneri 6	135	5.5	5	3.8
6	S. flexneri 1	77	3.2	6	3.6

These six most common serotypes again account for over 85 percent of all isolations. Shigello sonnei and S. flexneri 2 have consistently been the two most commonly isolated.

The regional differences in distribution of the S.flexneri and S. sonnei isolations are similar to previous quarters, with about 75 percent of all shigella isolations in the South being S. flexneri, compared to a range of 40 to 50 percent in the North. The ratio of S. flexneri to S. sonnei isolations during the fourth quarter of 1965 was highest in the Southwest, 4:27, and lowest in the Northwest, 0:75.

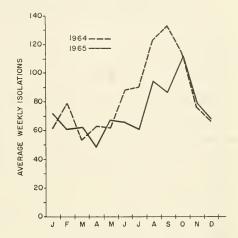
The 11 isolations of shigella from nonhuman sources reported during the fourth quarter of 1965 are summarized in Table 2.

Table 2

Serotype	Number of Isolations	Reporting Center	Source
S. flexneri	1	North Carolina Illinois Texas (2) Illinois Connecticut (2) Illinois (1) Wisconsin (3)	"Ice balls"
S. flexneri 1a	1		Monkey
S. flexneri 3	2		Monkeys
S. flexneri 4b	1		Monkey
S. sonnei	6		Monkeys

(Reported by the Shigella Surveillance Unit, CDC.)

Figure 1
SEASONAL INCIDENCE
OF REPORTED SHIGELLA ISOLATIONS
FOR 17 STATES' WHICH HAVE REPORTED
SINCE JANUARY 1964



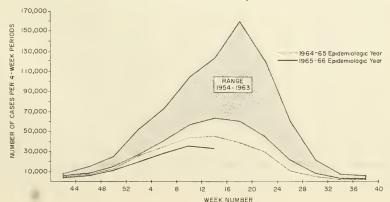
*ALASKA, ARIZONA, HAWAII, ILLINOIS, KANSAS, MARYLAND, NEW JERSEY, NEW MEXICO, NORTH CAROLINA, NORTH DAKOTA, OHIO, OKLAHOMA, OREGON, SOUTH DAKOTA, TENNESSEE, TEXAS, VERMONT.

CURRENT TRENDS - MEASLES

During the 4-week period ended April 22, 1966, there were 32,790 cases of measles reported. This total is 3,882

cases less than the total notified during the preceding 4-week period (Figure 2).

Figure 2
MEASLES REPORTED BY FOUR-WEEK PERIODS — UNITED STATES
EPIDEMIOLOGIC YEARS, 1964-65 AND 1965-66
COMPARED WITH 10-YEAR PERIOD, 1954-1963



Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

CASIS OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 30, 1966 AND MAY 1, 1965 (17th WEEK)

	ASEI	T.C.									
AREA	MEN11	NGITIS	BRUCELLOSIS	Prim inclu unsp.	ding cases	Post- Infectious		THERIA	Serum	Infectious	Both Types
	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965
UNITED STATES	18	36	6	17	32	14	- 1	3	15	531	629
NEW ENGLAND	-	2	-	1	3	-	-	-	-	25	51
Maine	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	14
New Hampshire	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	2
Vermont Massachusetts	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
	-	2	-	-	3	-	-	-	-	18	20
Rhode Island	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	9
Connecticut	-	-	-	1	-	-	-	-	-	5	5
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	3	6	1	3	10	_			_		1.00
New York City	_	1	1	1	3	5		-	5	68	109
New York, Up-State.	2	1	-	1	3	3		-	1	12	21
New Jersey	1	1	_	1		3		-		16	45
Pennsylvania	-	3	1	1	4	2		-	1	13	16
remisyrvania	-	3	1	1	-		-	-	-	27	27
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	1	3	1	4	4	3			2	163	96
Ohio	-	-	1	2		3					
Indiana			1	2	3				1	29	34
Illinois	_			2	- 1	- 2	-	-	-	5	10
Michigan	1	3	-		1	3	-	-	1	62	20
Wisconsin	1		•	-	_	-	-		1	60	30
HISCORSTIL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7	2
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	_	2	2		7			1		24	F.
Minnesota		2	2				-	1		24	54
Iowa			-		1					6	6
Missouri		-	-	-	4	-	-	1	-	9	10
North Dakota			-	-	-	- 1		-	-	4	11
South Dakota			1	-	-	-		- 1	-	-	1
Nebraska	-	-	1	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-
Kansas		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2	1
Kdiisds		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3	25
SOUTH ATLANTIC		3	1	2	-	2	_	2	_	7.0	
Delaware	-	-	1	2	-	2	1			70	67
Maryland			-		_	-		-		-	-
Dist. of Columbia			_		-					21	10
Virginia		-	1	1	-	- 1	- 1			1	3
West Virginia			1	1	-	-	-	-	-	14	15
North Carolina	1 1	1	-				-		-	1	4
South Carolina	- 1	_	-		_	-		-		8	8
Georgia	-	-	-		-			2		12	2
Florida	- 1	2	-		-	2	-	2	-	12	22
	- 1		-	-		2	-	-	-	12	22
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	2	2	1			1				24	53
Kentucky	2	1	1 1							8	23
Tennessee	- 1	1	1			1				8	14
Alabama		1	-		_	1				4	5
Mississippi										4	11
										-	11
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	3	6	-	2	-	2		-	1	45	60
Arkansas	- 1	-			_	1	-	-	_	9	14
Louisiana	-		-	1	_	1			1	14	7
Oklahoma	-	-	-		_			-	_	1	2
Texas	3	6	-	1	-	1	_		_	21	37
MOUNTAIN	-	3	-	1	1	-		_	-	14	26
Montana	-	-	-	1	_	-			-	-	1
Idaho	-	-	-	-	-	- 1	-	- 1	_	1	7
Wyoming	-	-		-	-	- 1	-	- 2	-	-	1
Colorado	-	-	-	-	1	- 0	-		-	2	5
New Mexico	-	-	-	-	_	- 1	-	-	-	8	6
Arizona	-	3	-	-		- 0				-	6
Utah	_	-	-	_					_	3	-
Nevada		_	-			-				-	_
PACIFIC	9	9	-	4	7	1		-	7	98	113
Washington,	_	_	_							7	13
Oregon	-	-	-	1	1	-	-	-	-	11	12
California	9	9	-	3	6	1		-	7	78	87
Alaska	_	_	_	-	-	-		-	-	1	1
	_		-		-	-	-			1	
Hawaii											

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CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISFASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 30, 1966 AND MAY 1, 1965 (17th WEEK) - CONTINUED

	MEA	SLES (Rube	ola)	MENINGO	COCCAL INFI	ECTIONS,	POLIOMYELITIS Total Paralytic					
AREA		Cumu 1			Cumu 1		101					
	1966	1966	1965	1966	1966	1965	1966	1965	1966	Cumulative 1966	1966	
UNITED STATES	8,163	125,966	162,029	65	1,696	1,454	-	-	-	6	2,003	
NEW ENGLAND	56	1,458	29,735	2	75	72					168	
Maine	5	162	2,128	_	7	8	-				24	
New Hampshire	_	25	341	-	7	4	_				24	
Vermont	_	204	573	-	3	2					_	
Massachusetts	26	564	16,440	_	30	25	_		-	_	73	
Rhode Island	1	62	3,196	2	7	11	_		_	-		
Connecticut	24	441	7,057	-	21	22	-		_	-	10	
MIDDLE ATLANTIC	532	14,318	6,990	7	182	198	_		_		74	
New York City	254	7,202	750	1	26	31	_	-	_		40	
New York, Up-State.	74	1,522	2,195	3	51	52	_	_			33	
New Jersey	57	1,530	1,208	1	52	62				_	33	
Pennsylvania	147	4,064	2,837	2	53	53	-		_	-	1	
EAST NORTH CENTRAL	2,791	46,871	30,853	12	256	175						
Ohio	312	4,062	6,318	3	70	52		-			709	
Indiana	395	3,168	1,140	3	41	24	-	-		-	192	
Illinois	395		1,140	3	41		-	-	-	-	152	
	484	9,149 7,672	16,359			46			-	-	82	
Michigan				3	71	30	-	-	-	-	100	
Wisconsin	1,255	22,820	5,832	-	25	23	-	-	-	-	183	
WEST NORTH CENTRAL	446	5,951	12,202	6	93	80	-	-	-	1	116	
Minnesota	48	1,385	385	2	24	16	-	-	-	1	1	
Iowa	341	3,346	6,727	-	13	3	-	-	-	1	111	
Missouri	5	376	1,907	2	35	38	_	_	_	_	1	
North Dakota	51	796	2,829	1	4	4	_	~	_	_	3	
South Dakota	1	4	64	_	3	2	_	-	_	_	_	
Nebraska	-	44	290	1	7	9	_					
Kansas	NN	NN	NN	-	7	8	-	-	-	-	-	
SOUTH ATLANTIC	565	9,647	18,222	7	270	289				1	233	
Delaware	14	134	403		3	3			-	1	233	
Maryland	82	1,457	685	-			-			-		
Dist. of Columbia	19	326	28	-	25	30		-	-	-	20	
Virginia	66	1,022	2,867	-	6 38	30	1 1		-	-	1	
West Virginia	130	3,615	10,716	-	9	23	-		-	-	55	
North Carolina	17	167	210	1			-	-	-	-	79	
South Carolina	25	451	751	3	54 39	43		-	-	-		
	8	185		3					-		19	
Georgia	204	2,290	528 2,034	3	41 55	40 71		-		1	57	
EAST SOUTH CENTRAL	836	1/ 100										
		14,132	10,222	4	143	105	-	-	-	-	195	
Kentucky	77 666	3,979	1,980	4	66	46		-	-	-	48	
Tennessee		8,177	5,642	-	41	31	-	-	-	-	146	
Alabama	38	1,267	1,785	-	27	22	-	-	-	-	1	
Mississippi	55	709	815	-	9	6	-	-	-	-	-	
WEST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,284	15,074	23,068	13	260	231			-	3	6	
Arkansas	98	523	882	1	14	12	-	-	-	-	-	
Louisiana	4	72	58	10	105	132	-	-	-	-	-	
Oklahoma	11	323	135		10	16	-	-	-	1	-	
Texas	1,171	14,156	21,993	2	131	71	-	-	-	2	6	
MOUNTAIN	516	7,064	12,725	4	60	51			_		171	
Montana	83	1,073	2,882	1	4	1	-	_	-	_	7	
Idaho	57	712	1,800	2	3	7	-	-	-	-	-	
Wyoming	4	93	635	-	1	2	-	-	_	-	50	
Colorado	57	737	3,082	1	33	11	_	-	-	-	38	
New Mexico	65	530	483	_	9	8		_	-	-	-	
Arizona	227	3,679	549	-	8	15	-	-	-	-	75	
Utah	23	216	3,156	-	-	5	-	-	-	-	1	
Nevada	-	24	138	-	2	2		-	-	-	-	
PACIFIC	1,137	11,451	18,012	10	357	253	-	-		1	331	
Washington	108	1,960	5,124	1	22	18	-	-	-	1	126	
Oregon	48	843	2,437	4	24	18	-	-	-	-	30	
California	975	8,514	8,306	5	294	209	-	-	-	_	166	
Alaska	-	58	106	-	14	5	-	-	-	_	2	
Hawaii	6	76	2,039		33	3	-				7	

Morbidity and Mortality Weekly Report

CASES OF SPECIFIED NOTIFIABLE DISEASES: UNITED STATES FOR WEEKS ENDED

APRIL 30, 1966 AND MAY 1, 1965 (17th WEEK) - CONTINUED

AREA	STREPTOCOCCAL SORE THROAT & SCARLET FEVER	TETA	NUS	TULAF	REMIA	TYP	HOID	TICK-	FEVER BORNE Spotted)	RABIES IN ANIMALS	
	1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966	1966	Cum. 1966
UNITED STATES	10,482	1	35	-	47	11	93	-	9	116	1,518
NEW ENGLAND	1,610	_	2	_	1	1	4				
Maine	185	_	-	_	_		- 4	_	-	6	22
New Hampshire	14		_	-	_	_	-	_	-	2	2
Vermont	14			_			1 -	-	-	2	8
Massachusetts	291		2			1		-	_	2	13
Rhode Island	64			_	1	-	1	-	-	-	-
Connecticut	1,056	-	-	-	-	-	3	-	-	-	
fIDDLE ATLANTIC	309	_	5	_	_	4	24		1	7	110
New York City	30	_	3	_	_	1	12		1	7	110
New York, Up-State.	214	_	_		_	1	3		-	1 7	100
New Jersey	NN	_				3	6			6	104
Pennsylvania	65	-	2	-	-	-	3	-	1	1	
AST NORTH CENTRAL	1,363	_	3	_	12	1	15			18	21.
Ohio	142		-		3	1	7			18	216
Indiana	301		1		3	1			-		
Illinois	303	_	1	_	5		1	-	-	2	4
Michigan	363		1	_	3	-	2	-	-	2	1
Wisconsin	254		-	_	1		2 3	_	_	1	11
EST NORTH CENTRAL	486		2	_	3	1			,		
Minnesota	7	_	_	-	3	1	10	-	1	21 7	320
Iowa	261	_	_	_	_		-	1	-		6:
Missouri	8	-	-	_		-	3	-	-	2	7
North Dakota	130	-	2	-	1	1	5	-	-	5	123
South Dakota			-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1	
Nebraska	28		-		-	-	-	-	-	-	33
Kansas	2 50	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	1	- 6	24
OUTH ATLANTIC	1 001										
	1,004	-	8	-	6	3	18	-	6	21	20:
Delaware	36	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Maryland	115	-	-	-	-	-	5	-	-	-	-
Dist. of Columbia	25	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Virginia	388	-	- 1	-	2	-	6	-	2	7	129
West Virginia	234	- 1	-	-	1	-	1	-	-	8	29
North Carolina	13	-	-	-	2	-	2	-	3	-	-
South Carolina	72	-	1	-	1	2	2	-	-	-	-
Georgia	7	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	1	4	27
Florida	114	-	4	-	-	1	2	-	-	2	17
AST SOUTH CENTRAL	1,625	-	2	-	12	-	7	_	_	21	218
Kentucky	300	-	-	-	2	-	1	-	-	6	33
Tennessee	1,148	-	-	- :	6		4	_	-	13	177
Alabama	107	-	2	- 1	4	-	2	_	-	2	17,
Mississippi	70	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
EST SOUTH CENTRAL	956	_	8	_	11	1	4	_	1	10	313
Arkansas	8	-	2	-	9	-	_		1 1	-	38
Louisiana	i	-	3	-	1	-	1	_		-	17
Oklahoma	54	-	-	_	-		1	_		4	88
Texas	893	-	3	-	1	1	2	-	-	6	170
OUNTAIN	1,610	_	1	_	1	_	6			4	29
Montana	60		-		- 1	-	0	-		1	
Idaho	130		- 1	-						-	7
Wyoming	27			-						-	
Colorado	1,001	-	1				2		-		1
New Mexico	209		1				2			-	5
Arizona	66		~				1	[1 1	-	
Utah	117		~	- 1	1		3			3	15
Nevada	-	-		-	-	-	3	-	-	-	1
ACIFIC	1 510	,	,		,						
Washington	1,519	1	4	-	1		5	-	-	8	82
	479	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	•	-	-
Oregon	30		-	-		-	1	-	-	-	-
	915	1	4	-	1	•	3	-	-	8	82
Alaska	45	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	- 1	-
Hawaii	50	-	-					-		-	-
uerto Rico	7		15								

Week No. 17

DEATHS IN 122 UNITED STATES CITIES FOR WEEK ENDED APRIL 30, 1966

(By place of occurrence and week of filing certificate. Excludes fetal deaths)

(By place of	occurrent	e and week	01 1111	ing certificate. Excludes	tetal death	IS)		
	All Ca	uses	Pneumonia	Under		All Ca	uses	D	Hard and
		T	and	l year				Pneumonia and	Under 1 vear
Area	A11	65 years	Influenza	All	Area	A11	65 years	Influenza	All
	Ages	and over	All Ages	Causes		Ages	and over	All Ages	Causes
								ner ngeo	
NEW ENGLAND:	756	464	32	25	SOUTH ATLANTIC:	1 100	1		
Boston, Mass	249	145			Atlanta, Ga	1,189	666		63
Bridgeport, Conn	38	23	8 2	11	Baltimore, Md	124 263	58 156	3 11	14
Cambridge, Mass	31	26	_		Charlotte, N. C	53	28		1
Fall River, Mass	21	12			Jacksonville, Fla	58	26		4
Hartford, Conn	64	32	1	2	Miami, Fla	78	48	3	2
Lowell, Mass	24	11	2	1	Norfolk, Va	47	23	10	4
Lynn, Mass	23	15	1	î	Richmond, Va	83	48		4
New Bedford, Mass	17	13	2	- 1	Savannah, Ga	36	21	3	2
New Haven, Conn	41	21	_	1	St. Petersburg, Fla	94	80		1
Providence, R. I	75	46	4	2	Tampa, Fla	69	33	8	2
Somerville, Mass	16	13	2	1	Washington, O. C	235	120		17
Springfield, Mass	53	39	4	-	Wilmington, Del	49	25		3
Waterbury, Conn	29	18	1	2				_	"
Worcester, Mass	75	50	5	4	EAST SDUTH CENTRAL:	603	324	35	36
					Birmingham, Ala	99	47	1	7
MIOOLE ATLANTIC:	3,411	2,034	160	174	Chattanooga, Tenn	46	24		6
Albany, N. Y	47	29	1	3	Knoxville, Tenn	42	26		3
Allentown, Pa	33	21	-	1	Louisville, Ky	100	62	14	3
Buffalo, N. Y	180	109	11	5	Memphis, Tenn	141	73	7	8
Camden, N. J	47	26	1	4	Mobile, Ala	61	28		5
Elizabeth, N. J	34	21	2	2	Montgomery, Ala	28	21	3	-
Erie, Pa	60	38	4	-	Nashville, Tenn	86	43	3	4
Jersey City, N. J	59	44	2	-					
Newark, N. J	121	60	6	17	WEST SOUTH CENTRAL:	1,202	610		73
New York City, N. Y	1,730	1,029	93	86	Austin, Tex	27	16		1
Paterson, N. J	42	29	-	2	Baton Rouge, La	39	17	3	4
Philadelphia, Pa	509	302	15	30	Corpus Christi, Tex	20	7	1	1
Pittsburgh, Pa	204	105	4	9	Dallas, Tex	160	82		10
Reading, Pa	50	32	2	3	El Paso, Tex	42	22		3
Rochester, N. Y	93	60	8	4	Fort Worth, Tex	73	43		4
Schenectady, N. Y	18	8		-	Houston, Tex	226	98	6	20
Scranton, Pa	35	28	1	1	Little Rock, Ark		43	3	- 1
Syracuse, N. Y	55	37	1	4	New Orleans, La		101		13
Trenton, N. J	34	16	3	1	Dklahoma City, Dkla	94	53		4
Utica, N. Y	28	18	3	1	San Antonio, Tex	110	58		5
Yonkers, N. Y	32	22	3	2	Shreveport, La	75	39	10	4
EAST NDRTH CENTRAL:	2 (0)	1 507	,,,	1.57	Tulsa, Okla	64	31	3	2
Akron, Ohio	2,684	1,537	114	157	MOUNTAIN:	414	220	20	40
Canton, Ohio	69	43	3	1 3	Albuquerque, N. Mex	47	24	8	1 1
Chicago, Ill	772				Colorado Springs, Colo.		12		7
Cincinnati, Ohio	170	421	36	41	Denver, Colo	120	60		18
Cleveland, Ohio	225	128	3	17	Ogden, Utah		6	1 -	3
Columbus, Ohio	124	75	3	6	Phoenix, Ariz	102	48	4	4
Dayten, Ohio	75	49		4	Pueblo, Colo	16	12		1
Detroit, Mich. *	376	211	17	20	Salt Lake City, Utah	39	25	-	3
Evansville, Ind	42	211	2	3	Tucson, Ariz		33	-	3
Flint, Mich	57	30	5	6	,]	1		
Fort Wayne, Ind	42	26	4	2	PACIFIC:	1,623	949	42	82
Gary, Ind	31	16	3	1	Berkeley, Calif	18	9	1	- }
Grand Rapids, Mich	56	34	7	7	Fresno, Calif	43	27	2	2
Indianapolis, Ind	138	80	9	10	Glendale, Calif	20	16	1	-
Madison, Wis	33	17		4	Honolulu, Hawaii	57	22	1	5
Milwaukee, Wis	139	80	3	8	Long Beach, Calif	76	46	2	2
Peoria, Ill	37	22	_	2	Los Angeles, Calif	499	284	12	23
Rockford, Ill	51	29	7	4	Oakland, Calif	103	54	5	13
South Bend, Ind	54	37	2	3	Pasadena, Calif.*	37	26	-	1
Toledo, Ohio	98	58	5	8	Portland, Oreg	114	70	5	8
Youngstown, Ohio	63	41	1	1	Sacramento, Calif	76	42	-	5
					San Diego, Calif	108	70	1	2
WEST NORTH CENTRAL:	907	559	42	48	San Francisco, Calif	163	91	5	3
Des Moines, Iowa	68	45	4	6	San Jose, Calif	42	27	-	3
Duluth, Minn	36	23	1	1	Seattle, Wash,	166	96	5	10
Kansas City, Kans	42	20	5	6	Spokane, Wash	55	41	-	4
Kansas City, Mo	163	100	3	4	Tacoma, Wash	46	28	2	1
Lincoln, Nebr	31	22	-	-					
Minneapolis, Minn	113	69	9	9	Total	12,789	7,363	568	698
Omaha, Nebr	77	51	-	5			. 1		
St. Louis, Mo	238	143	7	11		mulative To			,
St. Paul, Minn	80	56	7	3	including report	ed correcti	ons for p	revious we	eks
Wichita, Kans	59	30	6	3				225 7	
					All Causes, All Ages			621 20	14
					All Causes, Age 65 and	over		031,38	18
AD-14-14-1 have				1	Pneumonia and Influenza	, All Ages-		11,10	
*Estimate - based on a	verage perc	ent of div	isional to	tal.	All Causes, Under 1 Yea	r of Age		11,30	/



CURRENT TRENDS - MEASLES

(Continued from page 147)

A comparison of the incidences during the same two 4-week periods in 1964 and 1965 is shown below:

Year	Weeks 9 to 12	Weeks 13 to 16	Difference
1964	66,809	99,637	+32,828
1965	44,351	45,560	+ 1,209
1966	36,672	32,790	- 3,882

During weeks 13 to 16 in 1964, 25 States reported an increase of more than 250 cases over the preceding 4-week period, with a range of 264 to 8,155 cases. The following year, only six States reported an increase over the comparable preceding 4-week period with a range of 325 to 1,611 cases. During the same time periods in 1966, three States reported more than a 250-case increase with a range of 345 to 829 cases. This earlier seasonal decline in incidence, during a year when a severe measles epidemic was expected, is being studied in relation to the overall distribution of measles vaccine and to the mass measles immunization campaigns being conducted by local health authorities.

(Reported by the Childhood Virus Disease Unit, Epidemiology Branch, CDC.)

INTERNATIONAL NOTES VARIOLA MINOR IN BRITAIN

One non-imported laboratory confirmed case of variola minor in Walsall, Staffordshire, England, has been reported to the World Health Organization.

The patient is a 16-year-old girl who began to have symptoms on April 16. The clinical course of the illness is reported to have been very mild and the girl is making a good recovery.

There are two other suspect cases in a 14-year-old boy and a 4-year-old girl who are under observation in hospital. Both were living in close proximity to the confirmed case.

The source of infection has not yet been identified and epidemiological investigations are continuing. All known contacts of the proved case and of the suspect cases have been vaccinated and placed under surveillance.

(Compiled from information received from the Ministry of Health, London, through the U.S.P.H.S. Division of Foreign Quarantine, and from the WHO.) THE MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT, WITH A CIRCULA-TION OF 15,600, 15 PUBLISHED AT THE COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER, ATLANTA, GEDRGIA.

CHIEF, CDMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER CHIEF, EPIOEMIOLOGY BRANCH ACTING CHIEF, STATISTICS SECTION

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D.J.M. MACKENZIE, M.B.,
F.R.C. P.E.

IN ADDITION TO THE ESTABLISHED PROCEDURES FOR REPORTING WORRHOLD AND MORTALITY, THE COMMUNICABLE DISEASE CENTER WELCOMES ACCOUNTS OF INTERESTING OUTBREAKS OR CASE INVESTIGATIONS WHICH ARE OF CURRENT IN TEREST TO HEALTH OF

THE EDITOR

MORBIDITY AND MORTALITY WEEKLY REPORT
COMMUNICABLE 0 ISEASE CENTER
ATLANTA, GEORGIA 30333

NOTE: THE DATA IN THIS REPORT ARE PROVISIONAL AND ARE BASED ON WEEKLY TELEGRAMS TO THE COC BY THE INDIVIDUAL STATE HEALTH DEPARTMENTS, THE REPORTING WEEK CONCLUDES ON SATURDAY: COMPILED DATA ON A NATIONAL BASIS ARE RELEASED ON THE SUCCEEDING FRIDAY.

HEALTH, EDUCATION, AND WELFARE
PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICE
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